

Strengthening the Resilience of public administrations with the Common Assessment Framework

11 Case Studies

Oct 6 2022 Thomas Prorok

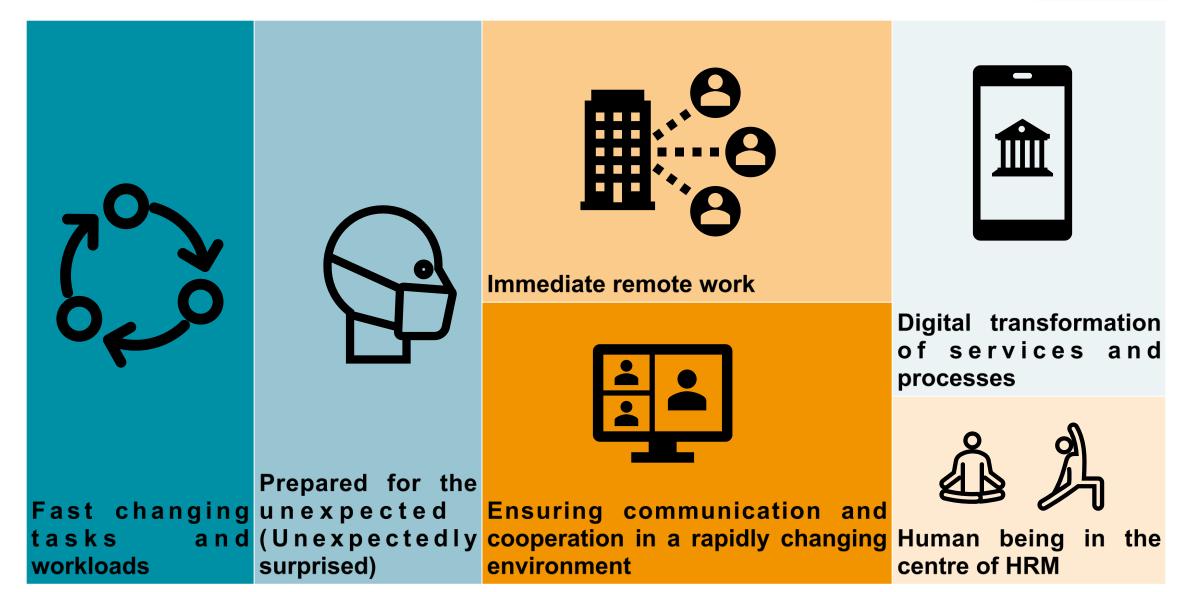


The eleven CAF Cases

Country	Organisation	CAF implementations
Austria	Women's Service of the City of Vienna	2011, 2013, 2018, 2022 (currently completing the fourth time)
Belgium	National Office of Employment of Belgium	2001, 2003, 2005, 2007 ➔ Changed to EFQM: 2009, 2014, 2016, 2019
Bulgaria	Sofia Regional Health Inspectorate	2016-2018
Croatia	Croatian Pension Insurance Institute	Started 2020
Greece	Municipality of Thessaloniki	2010
Italy	Italian Space Agency (Agenzia Spaziale Italiana)	2014, 2017, 2020
Poland	Lubuskie Voivodship Office (Lubuski Urząd Wojewódzki w Gorzowie Wielkopolskim)	2009, 2011, 2013, 2016, 2019
Portugal	The Vouzela and Campia School Grouping (AGEV)	2008, partially completed 2011, fully completed 2015, 2016 Effective CAF User, 2018 Effective CAF User, 2020-21
Slovak Republic	Ministry of Environment	2019, 2021 Effective CAF User
Slovenia	Agency of the Republic of Slovenia for Agricultural Markets and Rural Development	
Spain	Madrid Salud	Since 2014 (2015 first CAF 500+ certification)

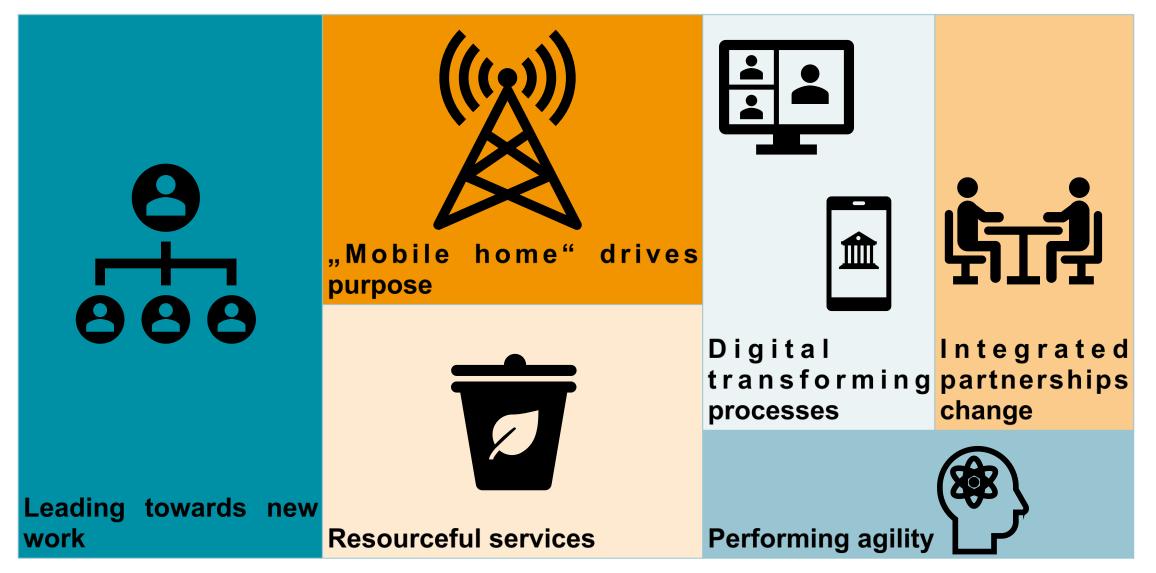
Challenges of Covid 19 in public administration







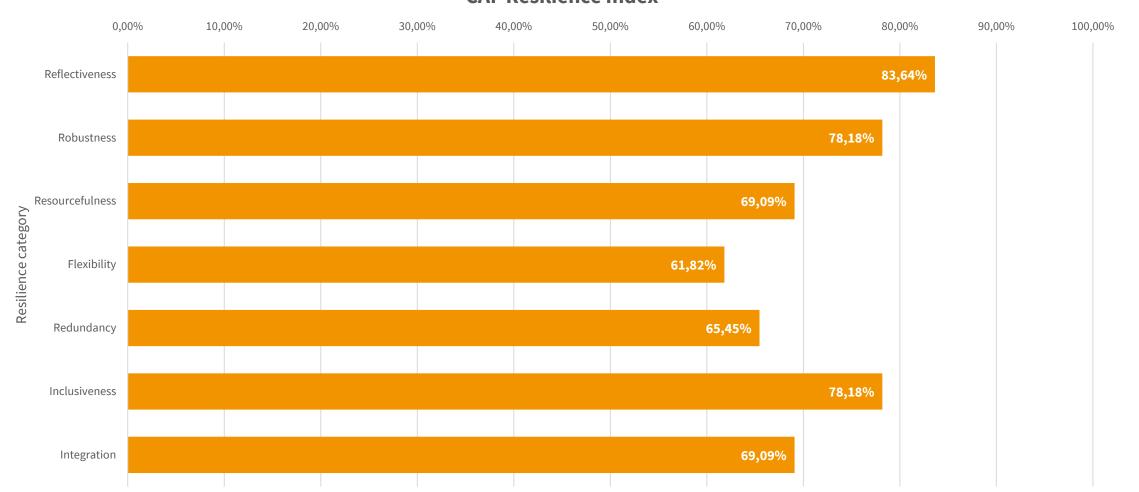
Innovations as a response to Covid19







CAF Resilience Index (Impact of CAF on resilience)



CAF Resilience Index

Diagram: Visualisation by KDZ based on OECD CAF cases, 2022

Percentages of the resilience categories are based on perception of 11 CAF cases (1 no impact of CAF – 5 high impact of CAF, total 55 points per category)

Impact of CAF on Resilience in the 11 Cases – per resilience category



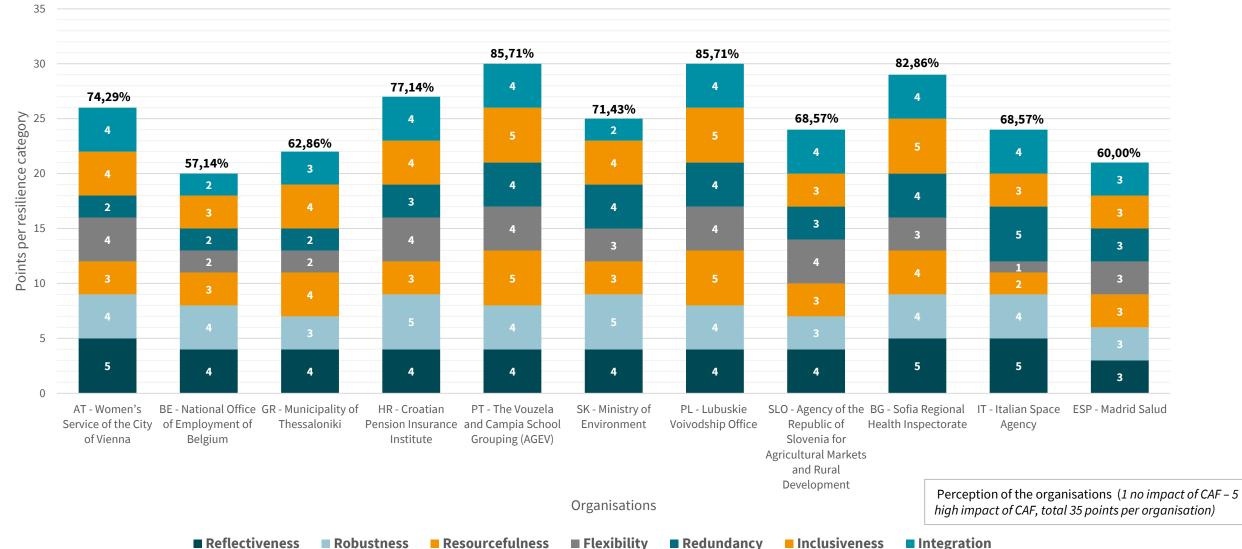


Diagram: Visualisation by KDZ based on OECD CAF cases, 2022

Lessons learned I





Long term focus on CAF strengthens resilience

(CAF, continuous improvement, process management, open internal communication and innovation culture, Self-Assessment Group)



Public administration has proven its agility

with or without existing crisis plans



Appreciate and involve staff

 This results in flexibility, solidarity, self-organisation, workload, tasks, wellbeing...



Flexible teleworking is effective and efficient



Mindful leadership sets the ground for resilience

 culture of openness, trust, dialogue, teamwork, responsibility and innovation

Lessons learned II





Existing process management is an enabler for quickly adapting services Well-functioning long-term partnerships and collaborations are an asset



Without digitalization, operations and services could not have been maintained

 e.g. teleworking, adaptation of services

Take into consideration the human factor in digitalization

 There is still need for physical citizen services Not all new services and innovations will be sustained

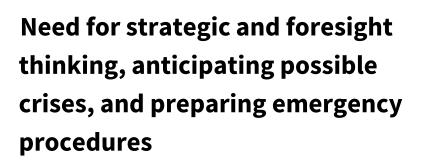


Lessons learned III



 to ensure rule of law and efficient use of resources New decision-making formats have been developed immediately and should be continued

- working groups, task forces, transversal boards...
- Existing Emergency plans and coordination mechanisms are a valuable basis for better coping with crisis, BUT...









Legal regulations need more time and delay organizational adaptions



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